A ready to drink, plant-based oral nutritional supplement is highly complied with, palatable and tolerated in community-based patients at risk of disease-related malnutrition

Corbin Griffen¹, Marta Delsoglio¹, Rakshan Syed², Tobias Cookson³, Hanorah Saliba³, Amanda Vowles³, Samuel Davies⁴, Nicola Willey⁴, Jennifer Thomas⁴, Nicola Millen⁵, Nour Odeh⁵, Jayne Longstaff⁵, Naomi Westran⁶, Mary Phillips⁶, Lindsey Allan⁶, Hannah Offer⁷, Chloe Howell⁷, Meg Sanders⁷, Kirsty Gaffigan⁷, Kirby Garrett⁷, Sally Foster⁸, Agnes Salt⁸, Emily Carter⁸, Sarah Moore⁸, Nick Bergin⁹, Jane Roper¹⁰, Joe Alvarez¹⁰, Christine Voss¹¹, Tracey Thrower¹¹, Clare MacDonald¹¹, Teresa Connolly¹¹, Darren Sills¹², Janet Baxter¹³, Rhonda Manning¹³, Lynsey Gray¹⁴, Karen Voas¹⁵, Scot Richardson¹⁶, Anne-Marie Hurren¹⁶, Daniel Murphy¹⁷, Susan Blake¹⁷, Paul McArdle¹⁸, Sinead Walsh¹⁸, Lucy Booth¹⁸, Louise Albrich¹⁹, Sarah Ashley-Maguire¹⁹, Joanna Allison¹⁹, Jennifer McClorey²⁰, Janie Candlish²⁰, Sarah Brook²¹, Rebecca Capener¹, Gary P Hubbard¹, Rebecca J Stratton^{1,22}

¹Medical Affairs, Nutricia Ltd., White Horse Business Park, Trowbridge, BA14 0XQ, UK;² Preston Hill Surgery, Preston Hill, Harrow, HA3 9SN, UK; ³Trowbridge Health Centre, Hammersmith Fields, Trowbridge, Wiltshire, BA14 8LW, UK; ⁴West Walk Surgery, Yate West Gain Centre 21, West Walk, Bristol, BS37 4AX, UK; 5Cowplain Family Practice, 26-30 London Road, Waterlooville, PO8 8DL, UK; 6 Department of Nutrition and Dietetics, Royal Surrey NHS Foundation Trust, Royal Surrey County Hospital, Egerton Road, Guildford, Surrey, GU2 7XX, UK; ⁷Dietetic Department, Thorpe Health Centre, Norfolk Community Health and Care NHS Trust, Williams Loke, Thorpe St Andrew, Norwich, NR7 0AJ, UK; 8Nutrition and Dietetic Department, North Tyneside District General Hospital, Rake Lane, Tyne and Wear, NE29 8NH, UK; 9Department of Nutrition and Dietetics, Airedale General Hospital, Skipton Road, Steeton, Keighley, West Yorkshire, BD20 6TD, UK; ¹⁰Warden Lodge Medical Practice, Glen Luce, Turners Hill, Waltham Cross, EN8 8NW, UK; ¹¹Rowden Medical Partnership, Rowden Hill, Chippenham, SN15 2SB, UK; ¹²Nutrition and Dietetics, Nottingham University Hospitals NHS Trust, City Hospital Campus, Hucknall Road, Nottingham, NG5 1PB, UK; ¹³Department Nutrition and Dietetics, Kings Cross Hospital, Clepington Road, Dundee, DD3 8EA, UK; ¹⁵Dietetic Department, Betsi Cadwaladr University Health Board, Ysbyty Glan Clwyd, Rhuddlan Road, Rhyl, LL18 3UJ, UK; ¹⁶James Alexander Family Practice, Bransholme South Health Centre, Goodhart Road, Hull, HU7 4DW, UK; ¹⁷Honiton Surgery, Marlpits Lane, Honiton, EX14 2NY, UK; ¹⁸Birmingham Community Nutrition, 3rd Floor, Priestley Wharf, Holt Street, Aston, Birmingham, B7 4BN, UK; ²⁰Mountainhall Treatment Centre, Bankend Road, Dumfries, DG1 4AP, UK; ²¹Dietetics, Princess Royal Health Centre, Greenhead Road, Huddersfield, West Yorkshire, HD1 4EW, UK; ²²University of Southampton, University Road, Southampton, SO17 1BJ, UK

Rationale: There is currently no ready to drink, plant-based oral nutritional supplement (ONS) available to patients at risk of disease-related malnutrition (DRM). This one-arm multi-centre intervention study evaluated compliance, palatability and tolerance of a plant-based ONS.

Methods: Patients with multiple diagnoses at risk of DRM (n=24; age: 59 ± 18 years; BMI: 18.9 ± 3.3 kg/m²) received dietary advice alongside ≥1 bottle/day of a 200ml ready to drink, plant-based, nutritionally complete ONS (Fortisip PlantBased 1.5kcal, Nutricia Ltd., UK), containing 300kcal and 12g protein/bottle for 7-28days. Reason for requiring a plant-based ONS, daily compliance (%consumed vs. prescribed), end of intervention ONS palatability, and pre- and end of intervention gastrointestinal (GI) tolerance were recorded.

Results: Patients required a plant-based ONS due to personal preference (27%), cultural/religious reasons (23%), veganism or wish to reduce animal-derived food consumption (16%), and sustainability reasons (13%). Compliance to the ONS was excellent (94±16%) with most patients (n=20) consuming 1-2bottles daily for 28days. Patients confirmed that the ONS was convenient (92%) and fitted in well with their current diet (83%). Palatability was rated good to excellent (out of 10) for taste (6.3 ± 2.5), aftertaste (6.5 ± 2.4), smell (6.8 ± 2.3), appearance (7.5 ± 2.1), and thickness (7.5 ± 2.0). GI symptoms were stable throughout the study with patients (79%) and healthcare professionals (88%) confirming that the plant-based ONS was well tolerated.

Conclusion: This study shows that: (i) there are a variety of reasons why patients at risk of DRM may choose a ready to drink, plant-based, nutritionally complete ONS; and (ii) this plant-based ONS is highly complied with, palatable, and well tolerated.